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tons or barrels by each quantity measurement standard method or other industry standard practice used. For natural gas liquids, quantity shall reflect the individual components of the product.

- (2) For each product listed in table MM-1 of subpart MM of this part, report the total annual quantity in metric tons or barrels. For natural gas liquids, quantity shall reflect the individual components of the product.
- (3) For each product reported in paragraph (c)(2) of this section that was produced by blending a fossil fuel-based product with a biomass-based product, report the percent of the volume reported in paragraph (c)(2) of this section that is fossil fuel-based.
- (4) Each standard method or other industry standard practice used to measure each quantity reported in paragraph (c)(1) of this section.
- (5) For each product reported in paragraph (c)(2) of this section for which Calculation Methodology 2 of this subpart was used to determine an emissions factor, report:
- (i) The number of samples collected according to §98.394(c).
- (ii) The sampling standard method used.
- (iii) The carbon share test results in percent mass.
- (iv) The standard method used to test carbon share.
- (v) The calculated CO_2 emissions factor in metric tons.
- (6) For each non-solid product reported in paragraph (c)(2) of this section for which Calculation Methodology 2 of this subpart used was used to determine an emissions factor, report:
- (i) The density test results in metric tons per barrel.
- (ii) The standard method used to test density.
- (7) The CO_2 emissions in metric tons that would result from the complete combustion or oxidation of each exported product reported in paragraph (c)(2) of this section, calculated according to §98.393(a).
- (8) Total sum of CO₂ emissions that would result from the complete combustion or oxidation of all exported products, calculated according to \$98.393(e).

§ 98.387 Records that must be retained.

You must retain records according to the requirements in §98.397 as if they applied to the appropriate coal-to-liquid product supplier (e.g., retaining copies of all reports submitted to EPA under §98.386 and records to support information contained in those reports). Any records for petroleum products that are required to be retained in §98.397 are also required for coal-to-liquid products.

§ 98.388 Definitions.

All terms used in this subpart have the same meaning given in the Clean Air Act and subpart A of this part.

Subpart MM—Suppliers of Petroleum Products

§ 98.390 Definition of the source category.

This source category consists of petroleum refineries and importers and exporters of petroleum products and natural gas liquids as listed in Table MM-1 of this subpart.

- (a) A petroleum refinery for the purpose of this subpart is any facility engaged in producing petroleum products through the distillation of crude oil.
- (b) A refiner is the owner or operator of a petroleum refinery.
- (c) Importer has the same meaning given in §98.6 and includes any entity that imports petroleum products or natural gas liquids as listed in Table MM-1 of this subpart. Any blender or refiner of refined or semi-refined petroleum products shall be considered an importer if it otherwise satisfies the aforementioned definition.
- (d) Exporter has the same meaning given in §98.6 and includes any entity that exports petroleum products or natural gas liquids as listed in Table MM-1 of this subpart. Any blender or refiner of refined or semi-refined petroleum products shall be considered an exporter if it otherwise satisfies the aforementioned definition.

§ 98.391 Reporting threshold.

Any supplier of petroleum products who meets the requirements of §98.2(a)(4) must report GHG emissions.